# E-STARTER

#### E-STARTER FOR BEGINNER

Thank you for choosing GWS "E-STARTER" airplane. This airplane has been designed for beginner and easy control characteristic. We hope a beginner will gain much experience by flying the "E-STARTER" and really enjoy it.



Please read these instructions carefully and thoroughly before assembly in order to achieve safe operation with maximum performance from your"E-STARTER"flight.







## RIC ELECTRIC =-51421=

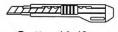
**USER'S GUIDE** 





TOOLS AND ITEMS

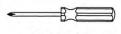
To assemble this airplane you need to prepare some tools.



Cutter Knife



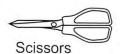
**Pliers** 



Screwdriver



**Nippers** 











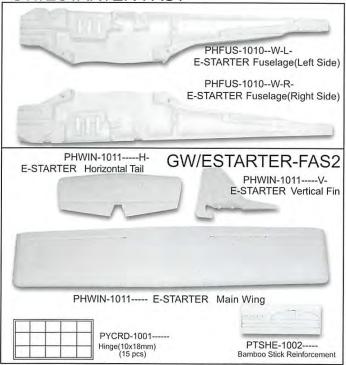




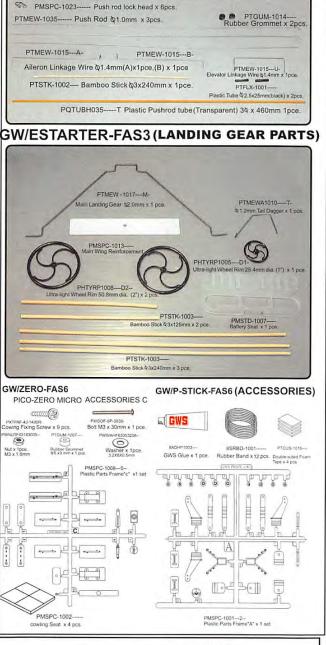
**GW/ESTARTER-FAS5** 

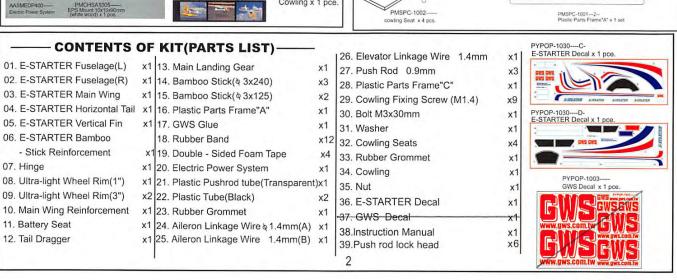
R/C ELECTRIC AIRCRAFT

#### **GW/ESTARTER-FAS1**



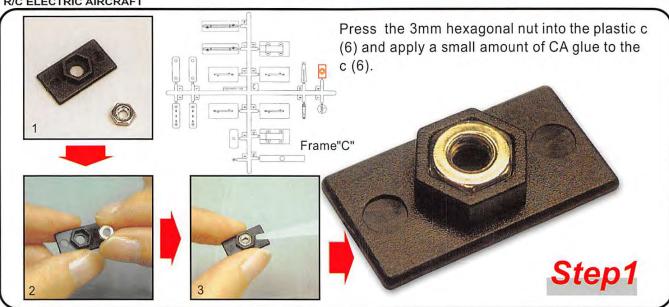


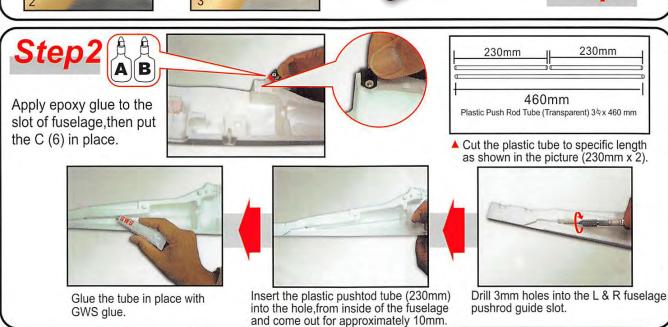


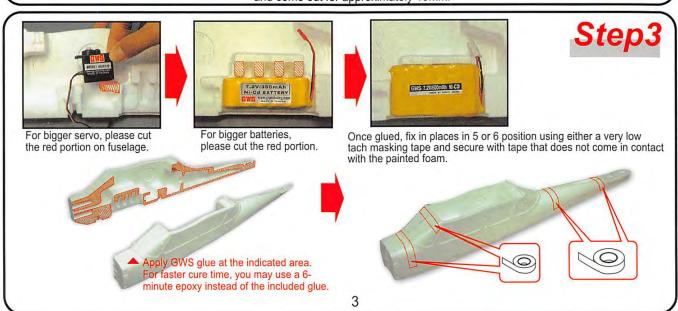


## **E-STARTER**R/C ELECTRIC AIRCRAFT

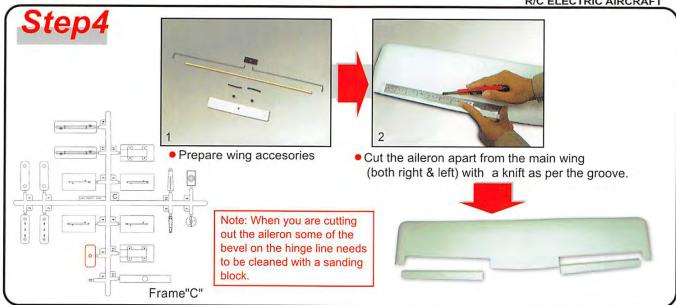
#### **FUSELAGE ASSEMBLY**

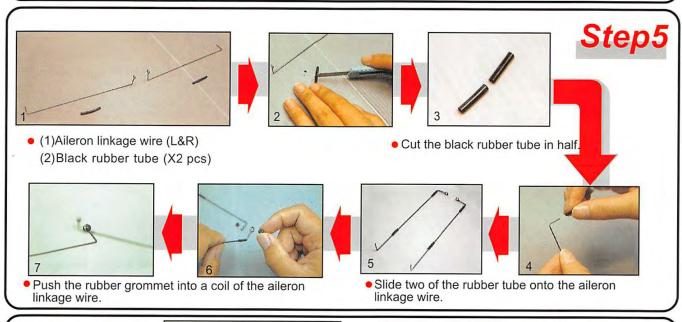






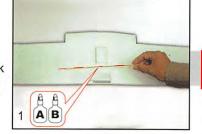
#### **WING ASSEMBLY**







Glue the bamboo stick for wing enforcement on the bottom of the wing. (leading edge)

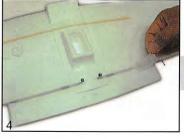


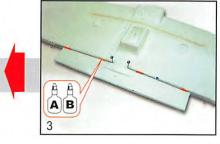




 Put the aileron linkage wire into the aileron slot and glue the rubber tube in places and trim the aileron wire as showm.

Note: The channel for aileron torque rod needs to be cut deep so torque rod is on aileron hinge line.



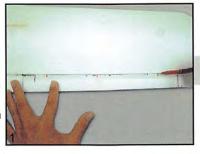


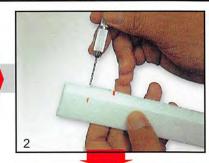
### **WING ASSEMBLY**

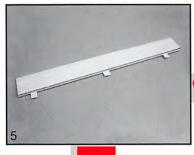
## Step7

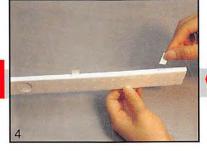
Mark out the hinge (3 each side) and linkage wire location. Make a sign on the main wing, aileron and linkage wire

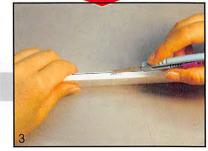
Drill 1.5 mm dia. & 10mm deep hole on the aileron and cut a slot to accommodate the wire.

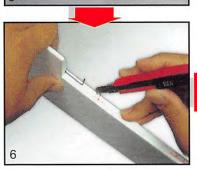






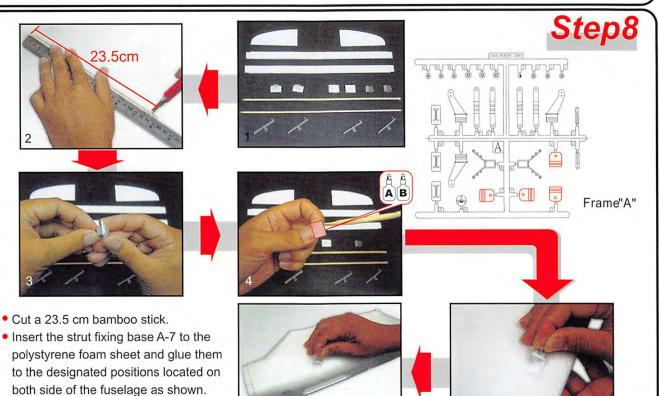








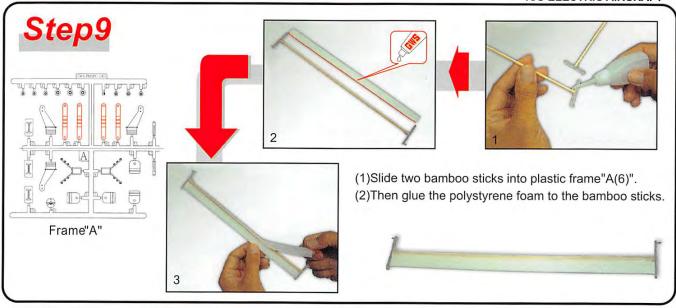
- Cut a slit (10mm x 10mm) at 3 places for hinge installation on the main wing and aileron.
- 2. Apply glue on all hinges and aileron wire then insert them to the wings securely.

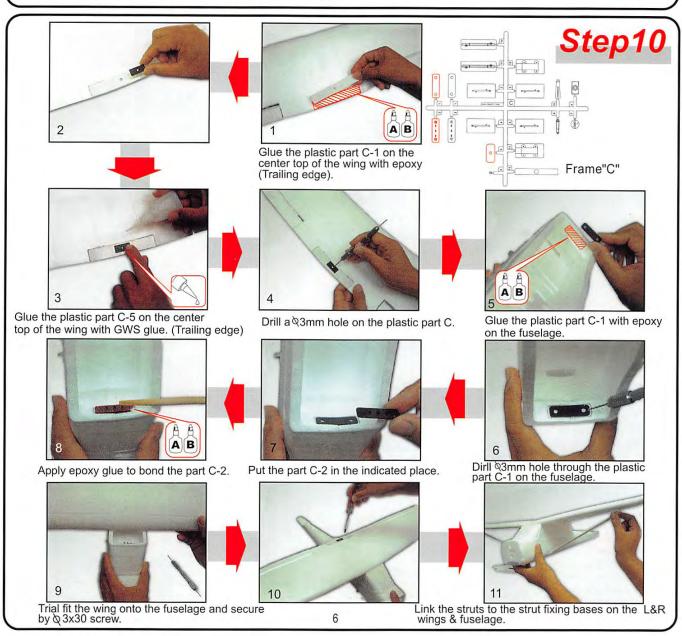


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## **WING ASSEMBLY**







#### TAIL ASSEMBLY

#### E-STARTER

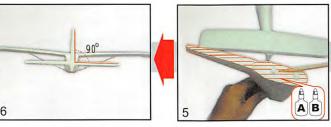
### Step11

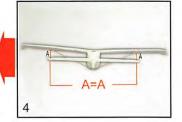
- Cut the elevators apart from the horizontal stabilizer with a knife as per the groove.
- Glue the horizontal stabilizer to the fuselage with epoxy glue.
- Glue the vertical fin to the horizontal stabilizer with epoxy glue.
- Ensure that the horizontal stabilizer is perpen dicular to the fuselage and vertical fin.(Pic. 4)

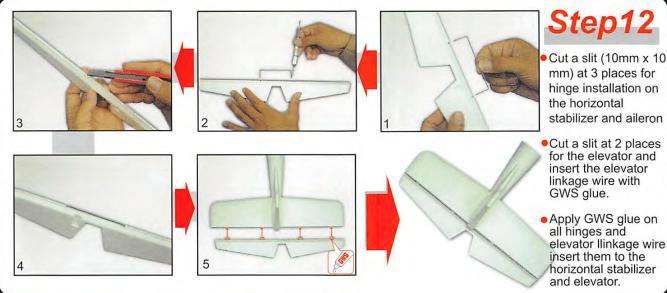
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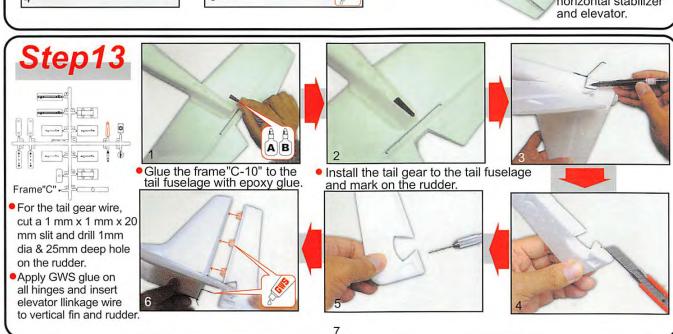










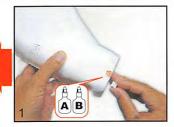


## MAIN LANDING GRAR / SPINNER / EPS ASSEMBLY

#### F-STARTER R/C ELECTRIC AIRCRAFT



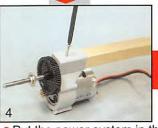




Step14

- Apply GWS glue to the cowling mount and bonding on the nose of the fuselage.
- 2.Insert the EPS mount to the electric power system (EPS). Make sure that the mount is pushed into the EPS by 20mm, if it is too tight to insert the mount, trim the mount slightly with knife or sand paper.

• Drill a 1mm hole by handdrill as picture shown. (Pic. 3)





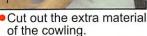


 Put the power system in the fuselage upper chamfer, making sure it fits and is not too tight, then pull it out. (Pic. 4)

Adjust to EDP- 400C power system

### Step15













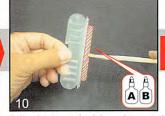


 Apply epoxy glue to the frame "C-14" and secure the landing gear to the mount by screws.





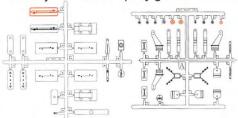








 Cut out the excess material of the battery holder. Insert the battery holder with epoxy glue to the indicated place.



- Drill a \( \righta \) 1.4mm hole through the retainer.
- Install the main wheel & tail wheel rims on the main landing gear & tail wheel.



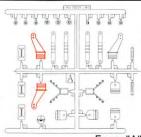
#### E-STARTER

#### **RADIO CONTROL SYSTEM**

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## Step16

- Glue the horns frame "A-5" on the elevator & rudder with epoxy glue
- Put the push pull rod through the guided plastic tube, for rudder please use left side tube. For elevator use right side tube, fix the control horn to rudder and elevator push - pull rod.

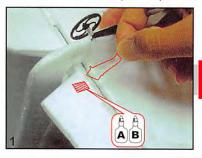




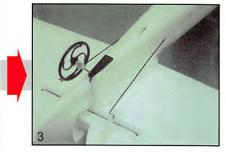
#### CAUTION

The horn has 2 holes if you use inner hole the moving angle are bigger then if you use outer hole









## Step17

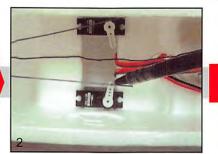
- Apply the double side foam tape to the servos and stick on the fuselage as picture.
- Use a marking pen mark out the connecting point on the push-pull rod.
   Note:You will need to turn on the power while servos assembling to make sure neutral position and directions.
- Bend a "Z" connector on marked point of push-pull rod and cut the excess wire.

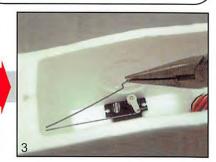


#### CAUTION

The horn has 3 holes if you use inner hole ooo the moving angle are bigger then if you use outer hole ooo







## Step18

• For bigger servos :

You may apply GWS glue to servos and insert the servo to servo slot.

#### PICO & NARO Servos :

- 1.Cut out the extra reinforcement to a suitable lamination as picture. (Pic. 2)
- 2.Cut the excess swell of servo slot away as picture.(Pic. 3)
- 3.Glue the servo & lamination to the main wing with GWS glue as picture.
- Connect the push-pull rod to the main wing.

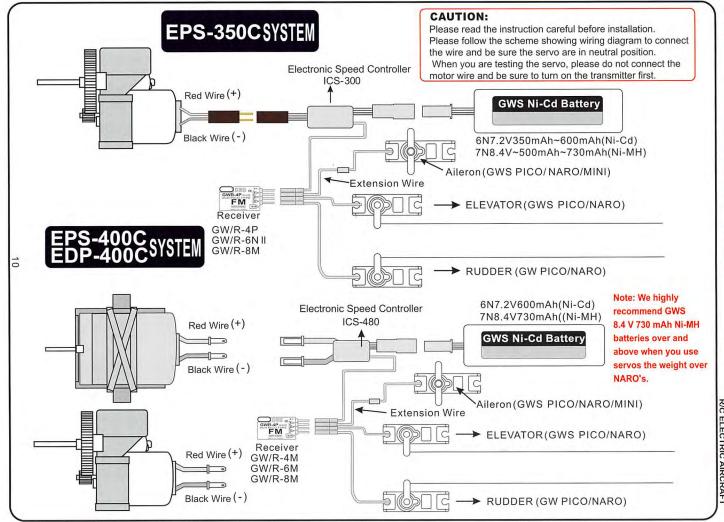












#### E-STARTER\_ R/C ELECTRIC AIRCRAFT

## **BEFORE FLYING**

Please Note: Below photos show stick position using a Mode 1 transmitter. Mode 2 transmitters used in the U .S. market will have throttle control on the left and aileron/elevator control on the right.



Turn on your transmitter.



Place the battery in to the battery compartment of fuselage.



Connect power wires and turn on the receiver.



Stick move to left, the left side aileron on the airplane will move up, and right side aileron move down. Stick location on the transmitter varies by mode.



Push up the throttle stick slowly and watch the reaction of the motor. The motor should run from low to full throttle as you adjust the stick upward.



Pull down the throttle to the lowest position and also the micro adjustment to the minimum. The motor should in neutral position and no operation.



Aileron stick move to right. The right side aileron on the airplane will move up , and left aileron move down.



Stick in neutral position. All aileron on the airplane should return to neutral. If the movement of aileron are working in opposite direction, please switching the aileron reverse switch on the transmitter.



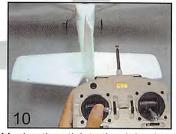
Moving the stick to the left should move the rudder to the left.



Moving the stick up should move the elevator down.



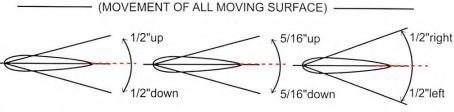
Moving the stick down should move the elevator up.



Moving the stick to the right should move the rudder to the right.



When the stick is in neutral, the elevator should return to neutral.



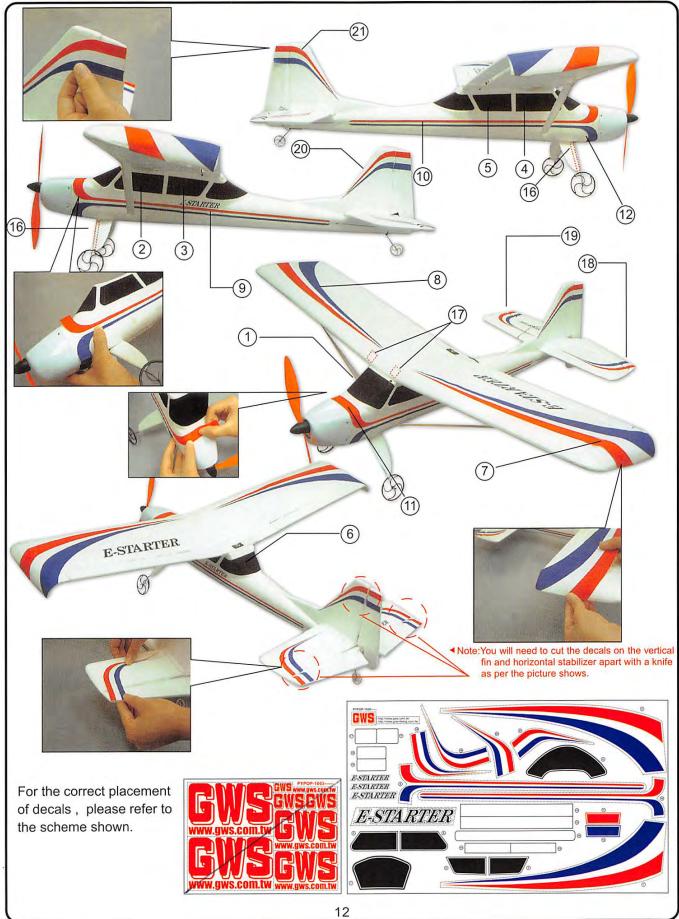
(1)Elevator

(2)Aileron

(3)Rudder

## **DECALS**

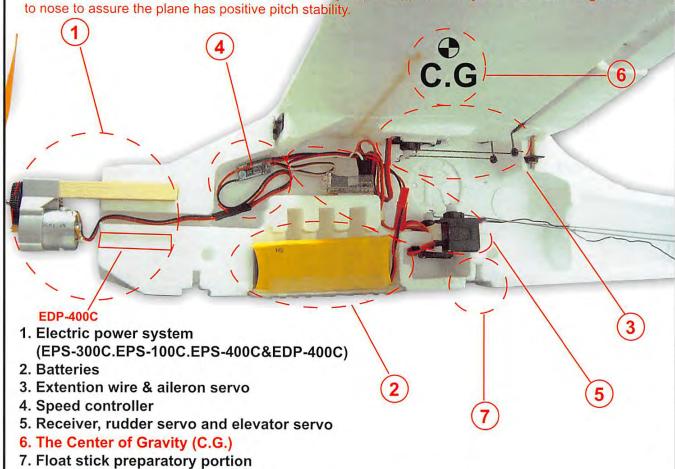




#### E-STARTER R/C ELECTRIC AIRCRAFT

#### PREFLIGHT CHECKING LIST

The C.G. is very critical and it is important that you check and confirm the location for yourself before flying. Battery and other changes such as motors affect this positon and may require the need for stick on lead weight to be added to the nose or the rear of the fuselage depending on whether the airplane is nose or tail heavy. Using the EPS300C motor may require approximately 3/4 oz of lead weight added to nose to assure the plane has positive pitch stability.



#### **EPS POWER SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS**

Note: When you use 7.2 V ~ 8.4 V battery please use GWS EP1080 propeller and please use EP9070 for 9.6 V battery.

GW/EPS-100C-	AS						
Describer	Volts(v)	Ampere(A)	Thrust		Dower	Efficiency	
Propeller			(g)	(oz)	Power	(g/w)	(oz/w)
EP-1080	7.2	2.7	164	5.79	19.44	8.44	0.30
	8.4	3.4	200	7.06	28.56	7.00	0.25
GW/EPS-300C-	cs						
Propeller	Volts(v)	Ampere(A)	Thrust		D	Efficiency	
			(g)	(oz)	Power	(g/w)	(oz/w)
EP-1080	7.2	7.8	288	10.16	56.16	5.13	0.18
	8.4	9.7	332	11.1	81.48	4.07	0.14
GW/EPS-400C-	CS						
Propeller	Volts(v)	Ampere(A)	Thrust		D	Efficiency	
			(g)	(oz)	Power	(g/w)	(oz/w)
EP-7035	7.2	7.8	288	10.16	56.16	5.13	0.18
	8.4	9.7	332	11.1	81.48	4.07	0.14
		13					1

#### PREFLIGHT CHECKING LIST



#### **CAUTION:**

- 1. It is the best choice for you to fly your plane in the expanse place.
- 2. Do not fly around some restricted location like flight information region (FIR), military post, etc.
- 3. You will need to check the transmitter's channel around you averting interfered. (If you are flying with other RC modeler at a field, do not turn on your transmitter until you are certain that no one else is using your channel.)
- 4. Always turn on the receiver last after turning on the transmitter and shut off the receiver first before turning off the transmitter.
- 5. If you are only a beginner for the radio control model flying, do not attempt to fly your model without any assistance or advice from advanced and expert fliers.
- 6. Please refer to the instruction guide carefully and thoroughly before assembly equipment kits. Different power units and servos combination will lead to its various flight performance.
- 7. Be sure to check the wind direction before landing or taking off.

